

100

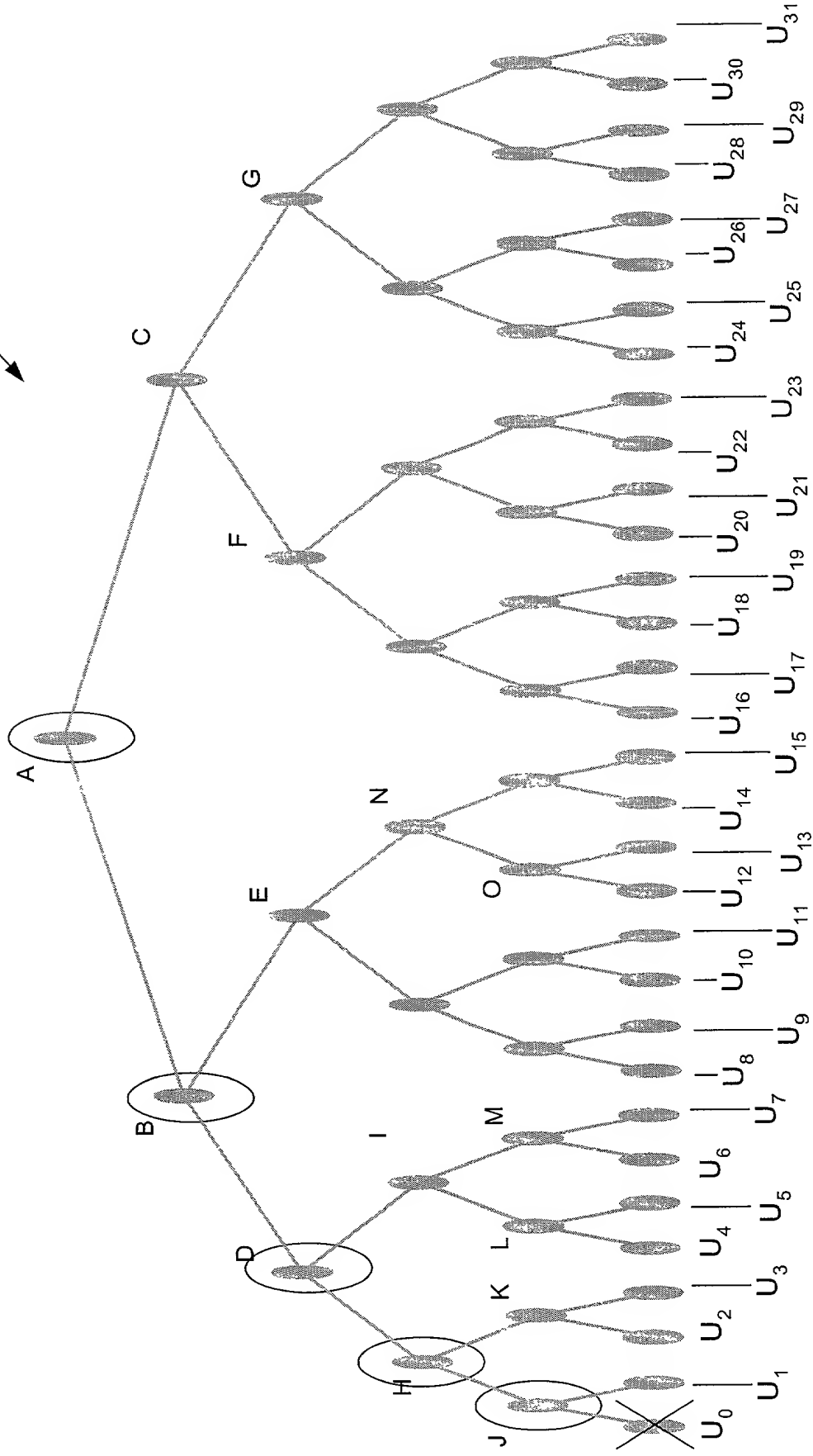


FIG. 1

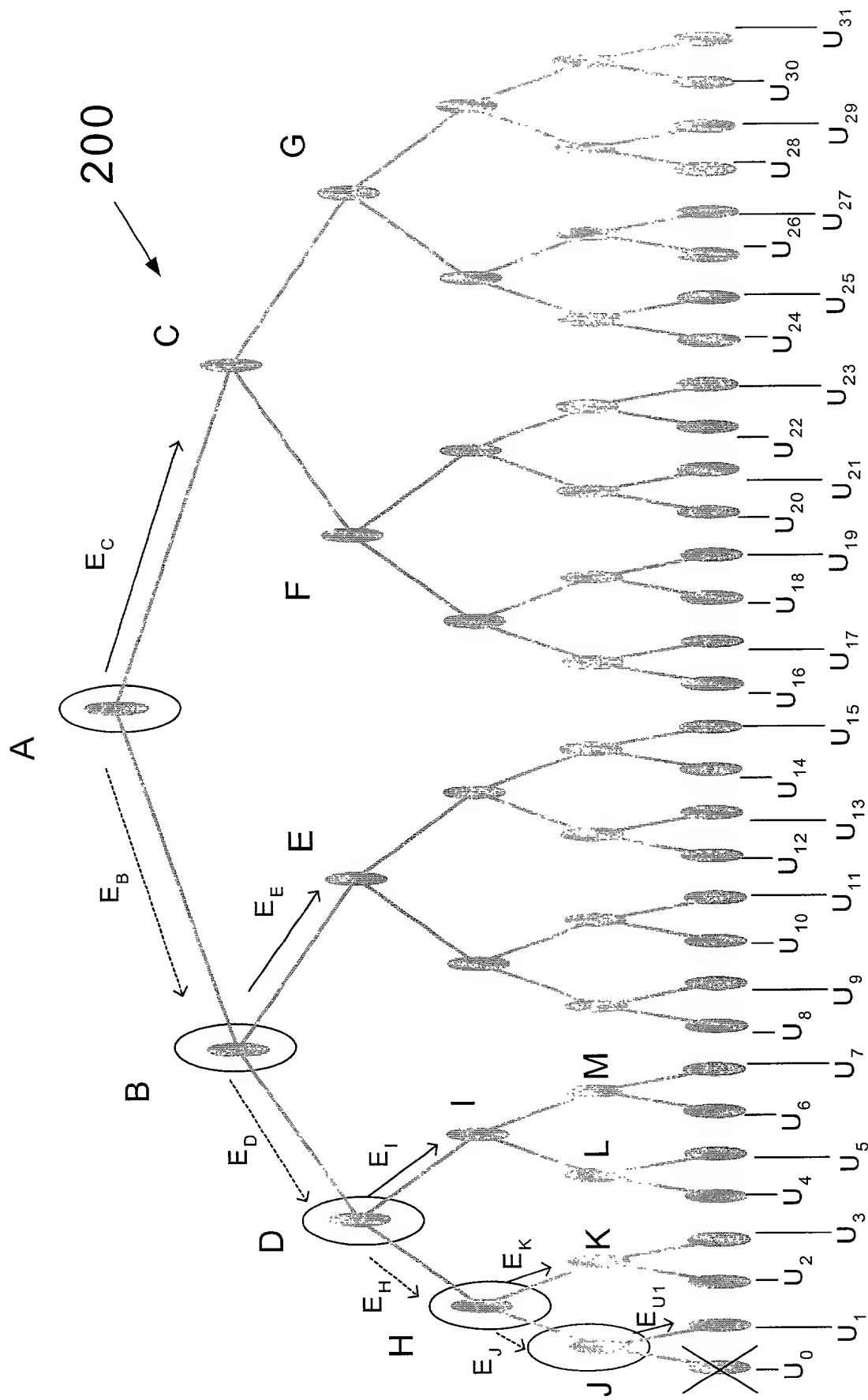


FIG. 2

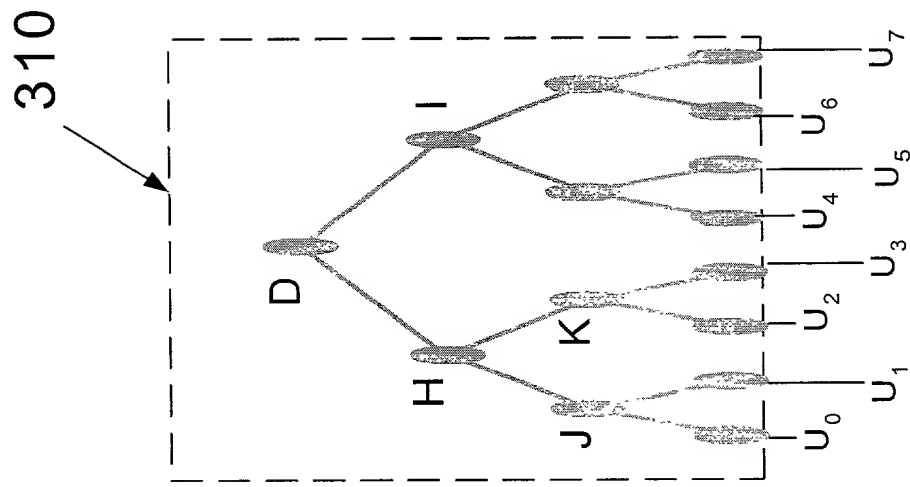


FIG. 3A

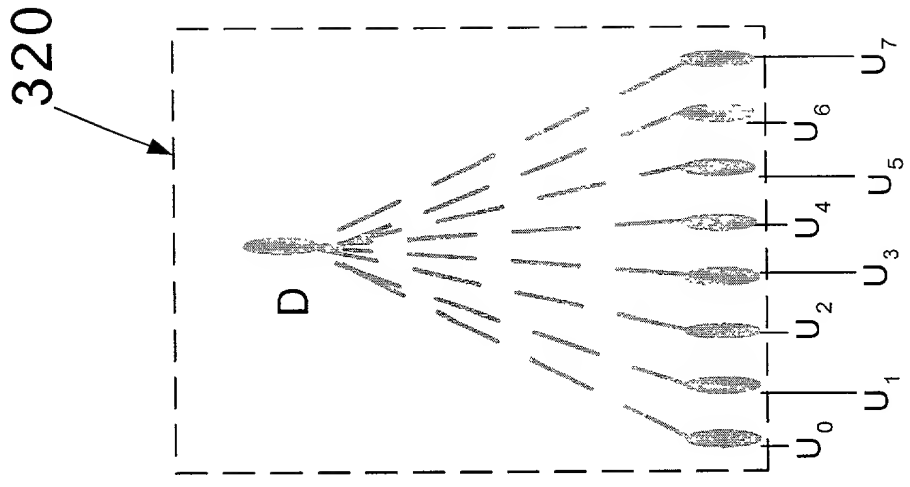


FIG. 3B

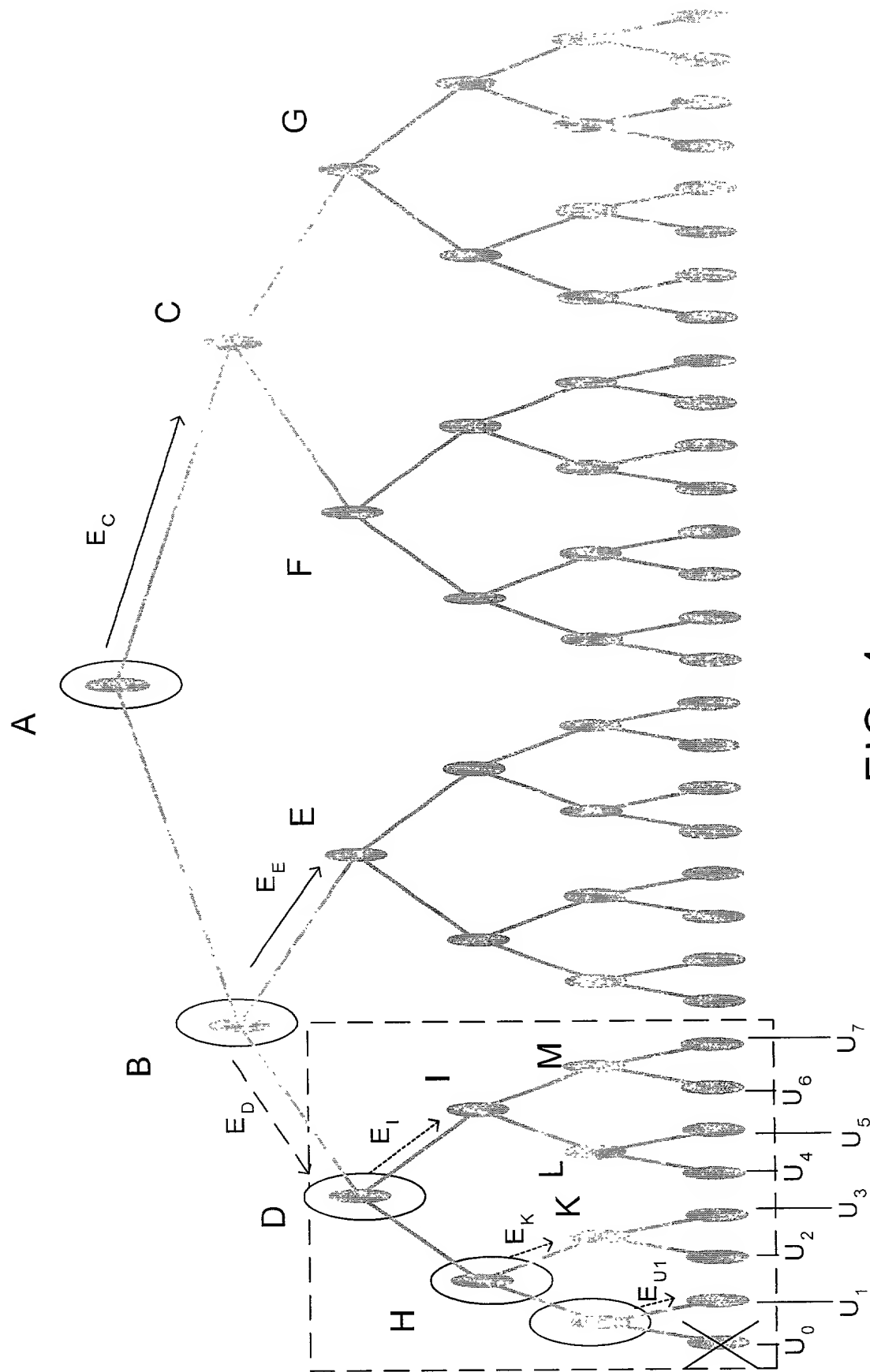


FIG. 4

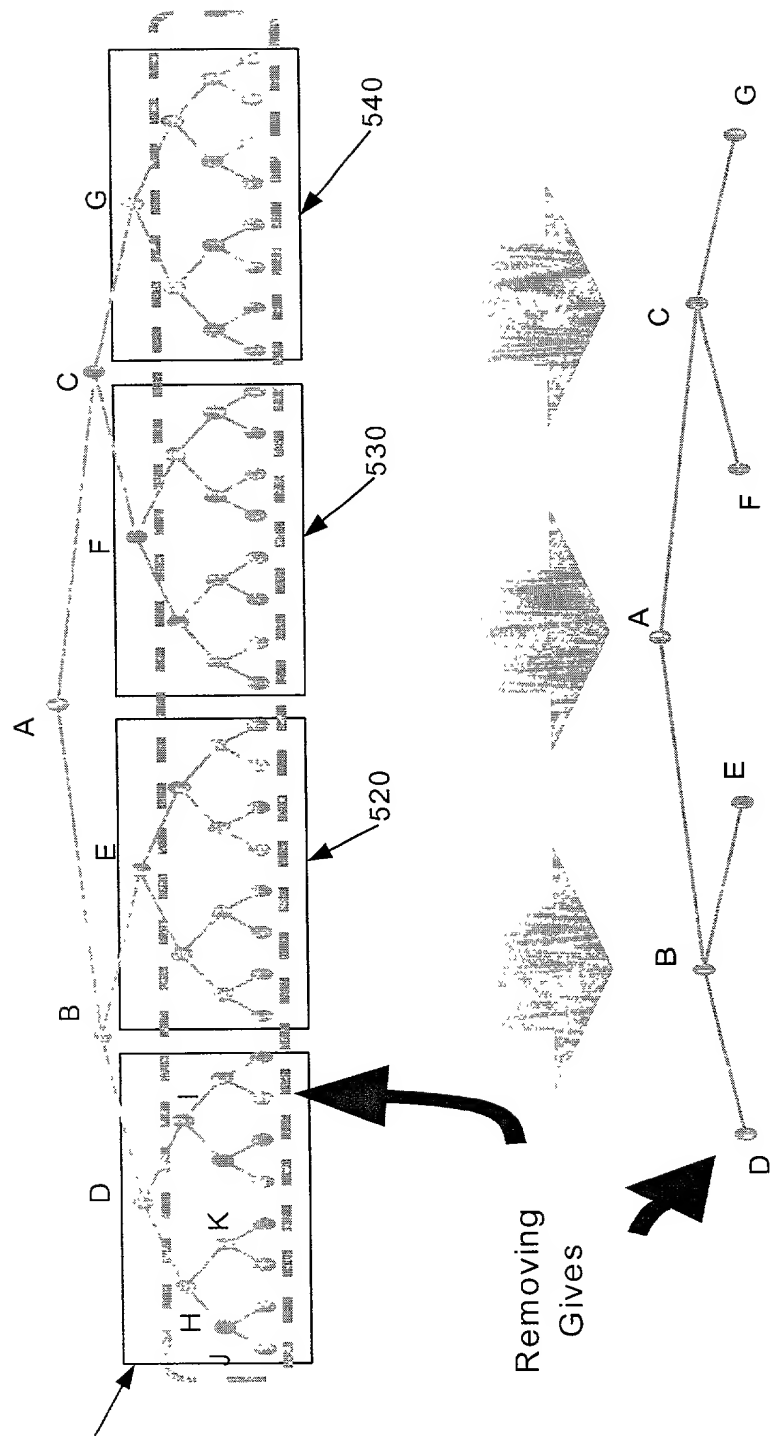


FIG. 5

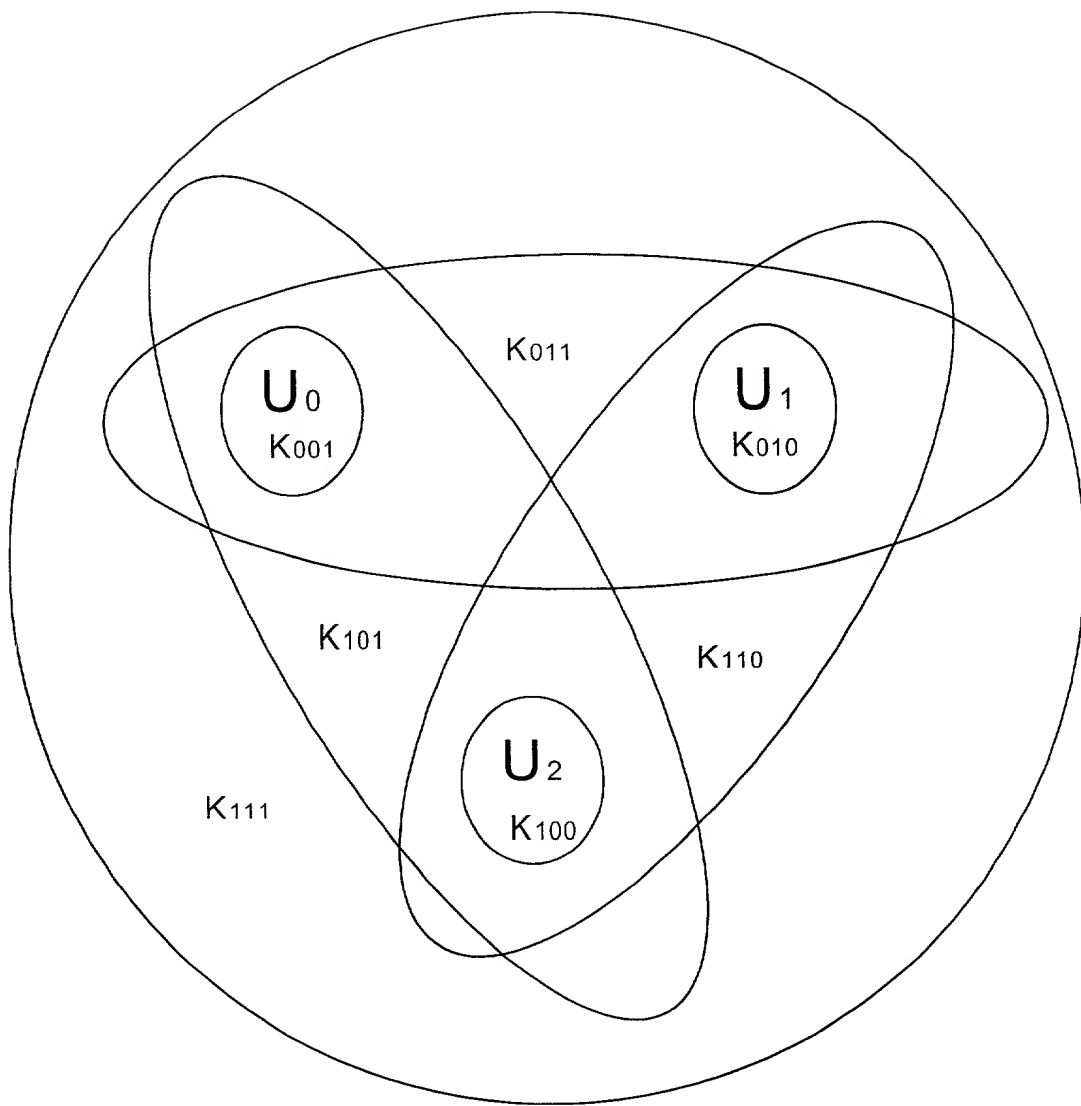


FIG. 6

FIG. 7 is a diagram of a key schedule for a 32-bit block cipher. The diagram shows a 32x5 grid of cells, where each cell represents a key bit. The columns are labeled 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4, corresponding to the 5 bits of the 32-bit key. The rows are labeled 1, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 31, corresponding to the 32 rounds of the cipher. The key schedule is defined by the following pattern of black and white cells:

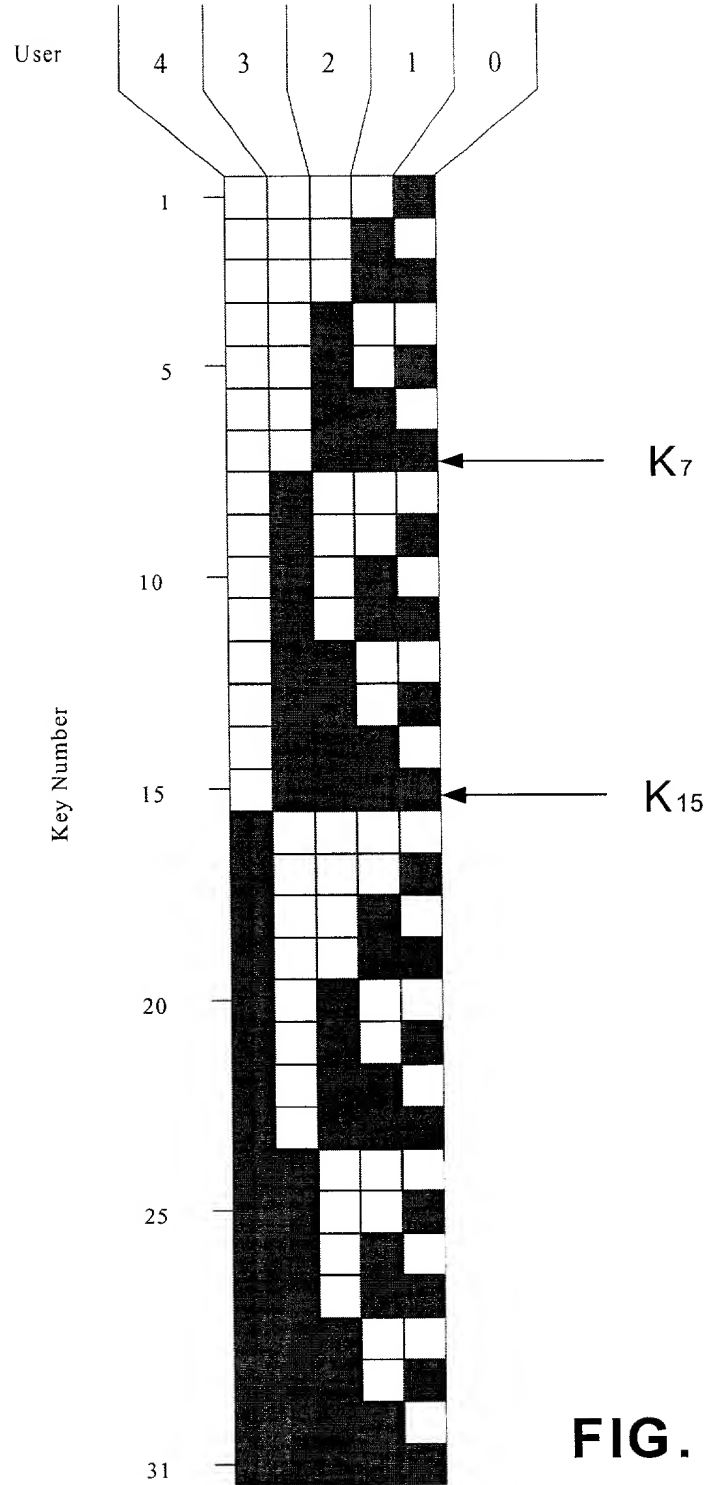


FIG. 7

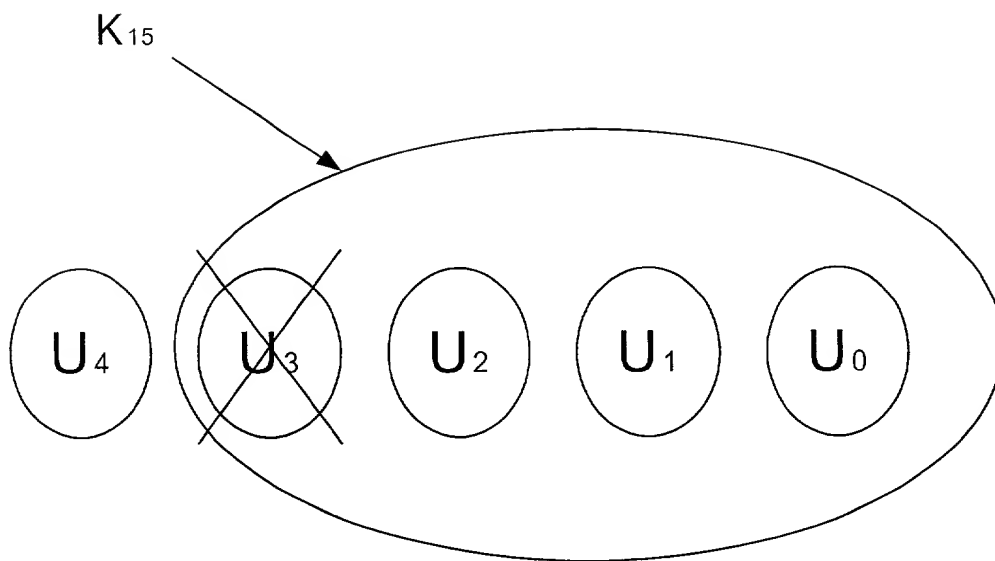


FIG. 8A

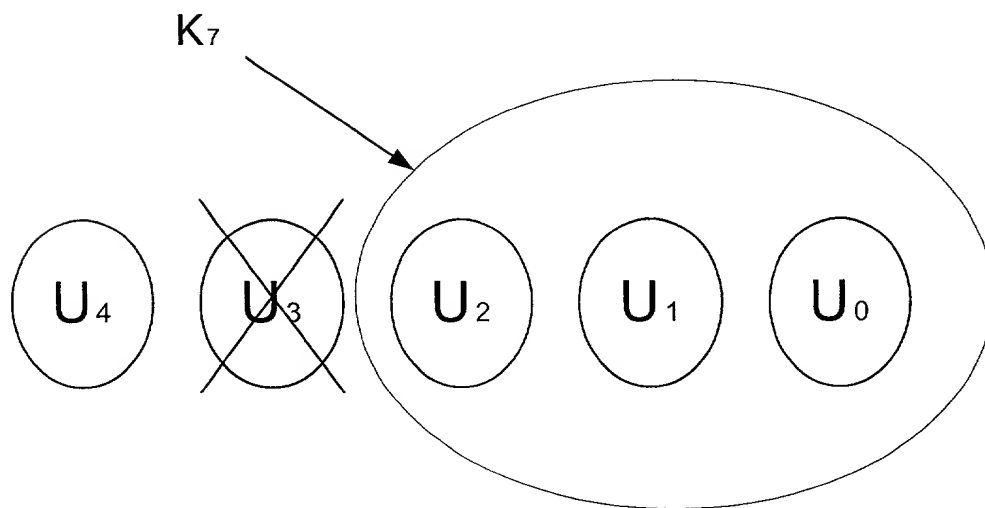


FIG. 8B

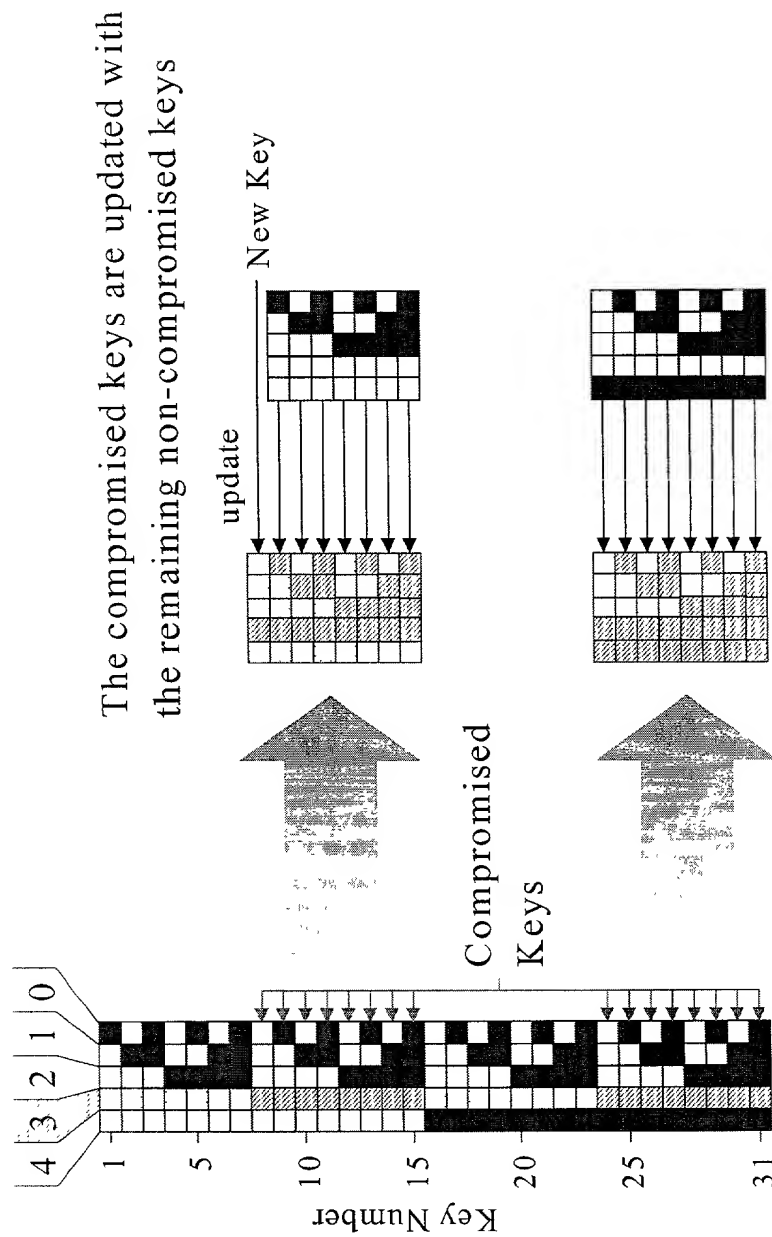


FIG. 9

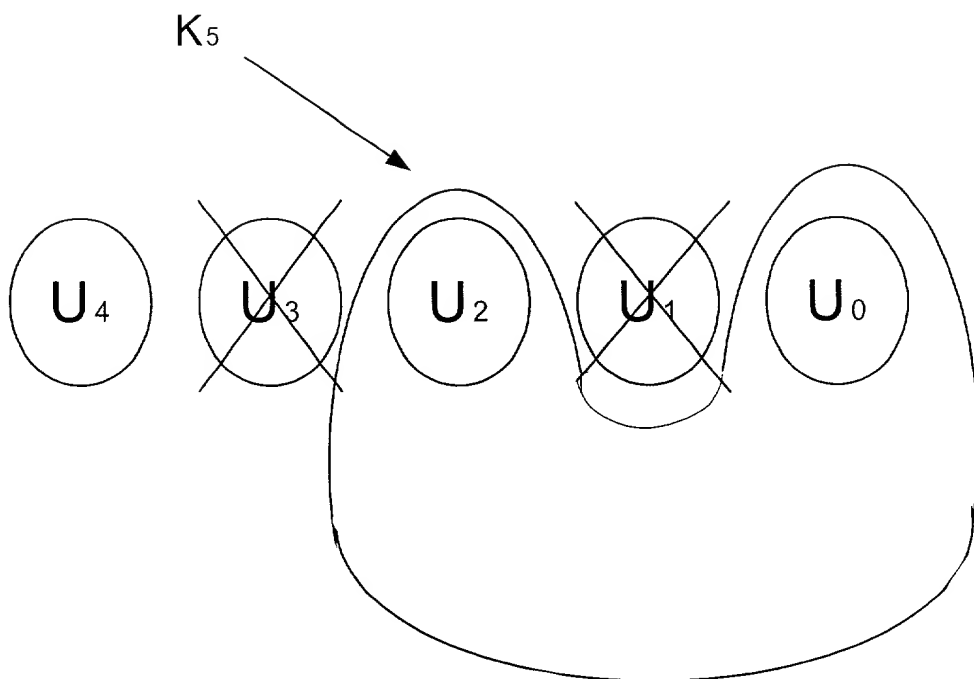


FIG. 10

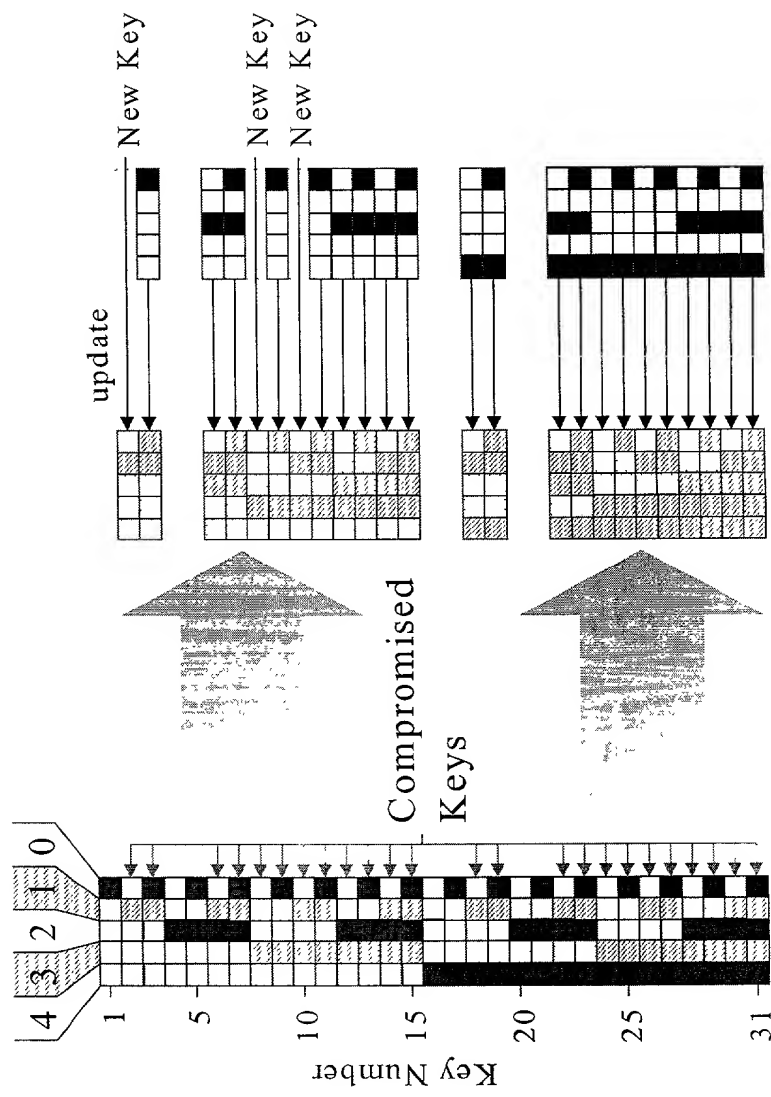


FIG. 11

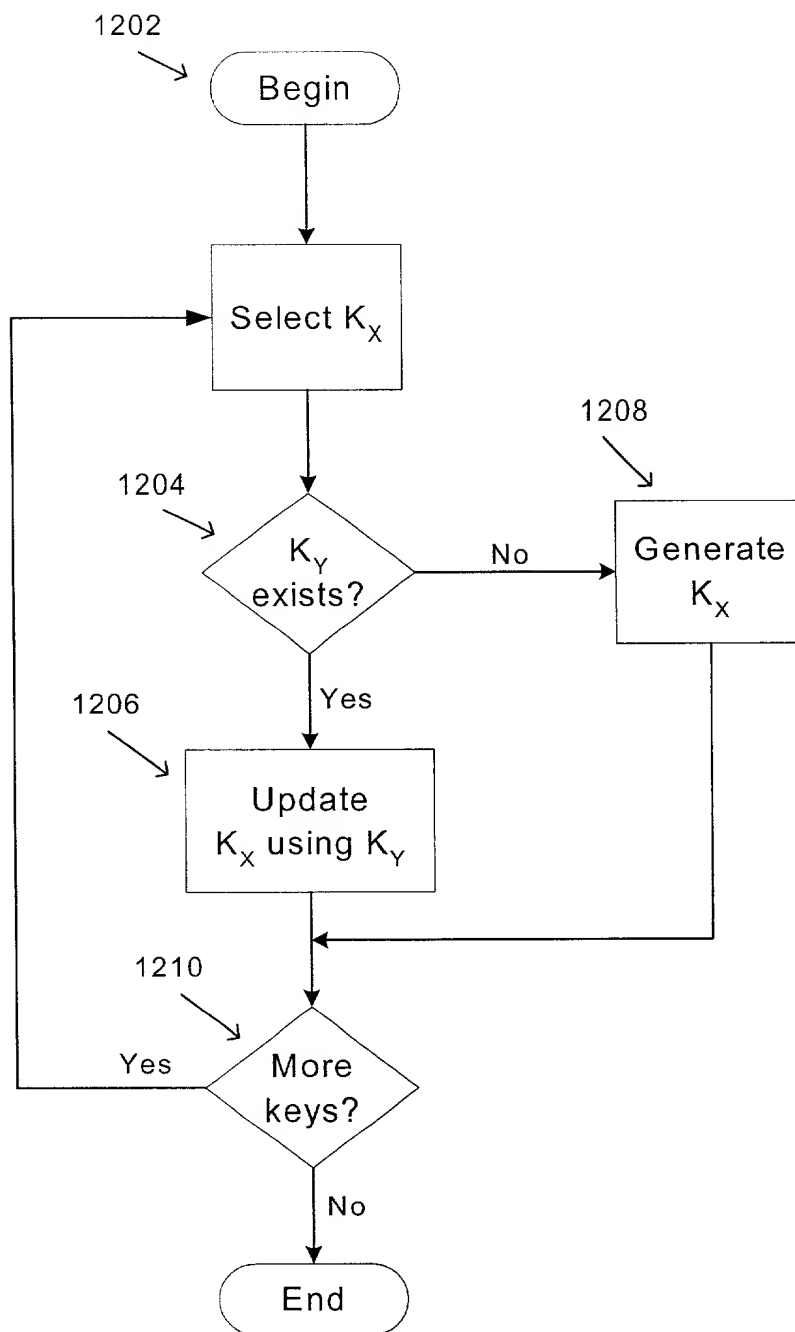


FIG. 12

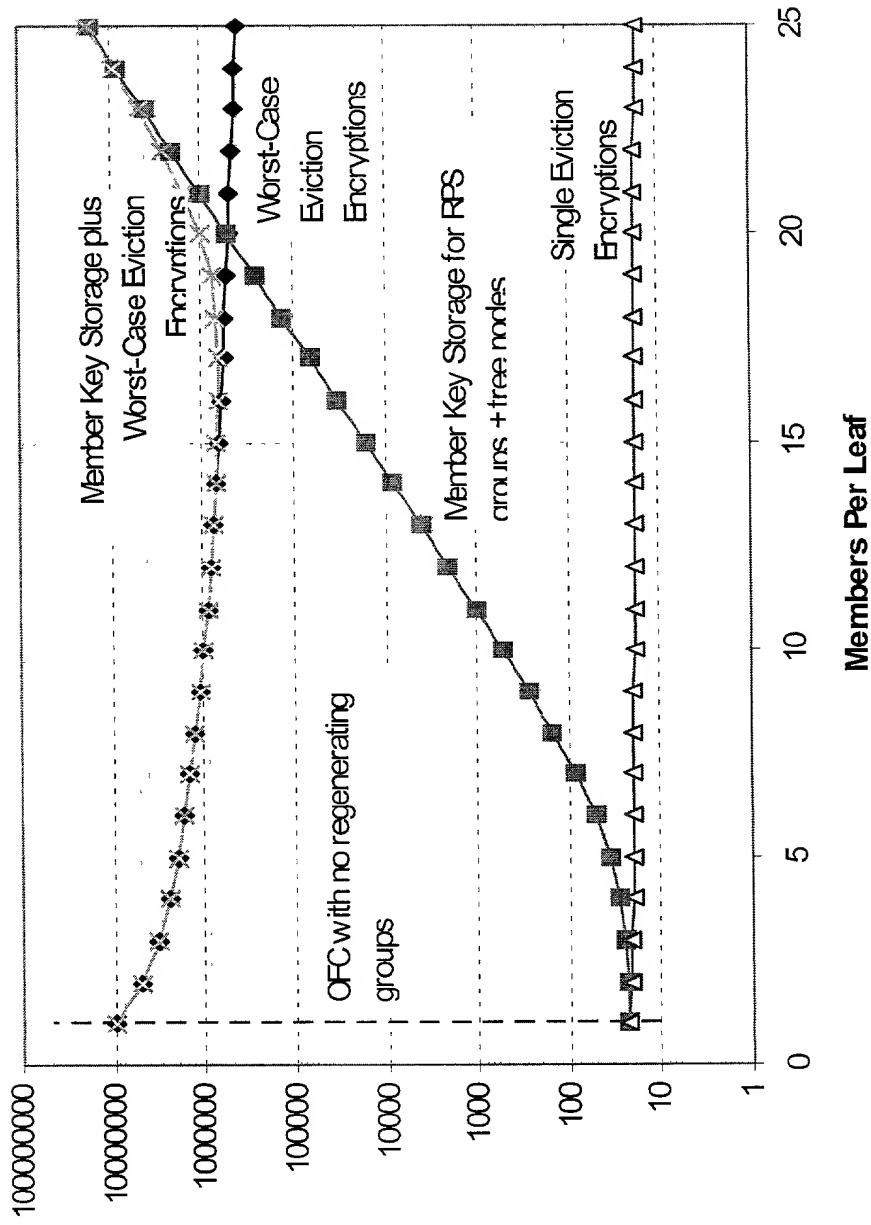


FIG. 13